# CROSS-CULTURAL INVESTIGATION OF SOME FACTORS IN PERSUASION AND ATTITUDE CHANGE

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Technical Report No. 14

AN OUTLINE OF SELECTED PERSUASION RESEARCH BETWEEN 1952 and 1967

With the collaboration of J. Michael Leibowitz

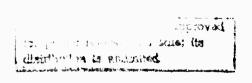
July 1969

ELLIOTT McGINNIES
PRINCIPAL INVESTIGATOR



PREPARED IN CONNECTION WITH RESEARCH DONE UNDER CONTRACT NONR 595-21, NR171-250 OFFICE OF NAVAL RESEARCH

DEPARTMENT OF PSYCHOLOGY
UNIVERSITY OF MARYLAND
COLLEGE PARK, MARYLAND





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#### INTRODUCTION

The purpose of this report is to bring together in outline form selected research on persuasion and attitude change reported in the Journal of Abnormal and Social Psychology (since 1965, The Journal of Personality and Social Psychology) between the years 1952 and 1967. Relatively little research of a systematic nature was done in this area prior to 1952, and we have arbitrarily terminated our literature review as of 1967, despite the fact that research in this area continues to be reported. Rather than attempt a comprehensive coverage of all the reported persuasion research during this fifteen year period, we have limited ourselves to the more manageable task of outlining some significant features of those articles appearing in one psychological journal.

The area of persuasion and attitude change has captured the attantion of a host of investigators, perhaps because it involves several features that are central to social psychology—namely, attitudes and behavior modification. Experimental research in persuasion was given considerable impetus by Cari I. Howland and his colleagues at Yale University in the early 1950's, and there has been no diminution of concern with this topic during the past 20 years. On the contrary, as Figure I indicates, publication of research findings in the area of persuasion and attitude change has followed an accelerated pace over the years covered by this report, with the exception of 1966 and 1967 where the curve falls.

Despite the great amount of painstaking and often cieverly devised research on this general topic, the literature reports many failures of

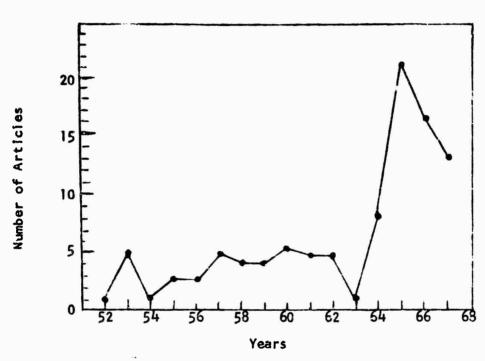


Figure 1 - Number of articles on persuasion and attitude change appearing in the Journal of Abnormal (Personality) and Social Psychology during the years 1952-1967.

replication, as well as questions concerning the validity of many of the reported findings. In addition, there is the serious question of whether statistically significant changes in attitude scores obtained in the course of laboratory investigations are psychologically meaningful. There are very few studies in which subjects have displayed changes in attitude that could be said to have moved them from one end of an attitude continuum to the other. Often, changes of three or four points on a 20-point scale are sufficient to yield statistical significance but are not sufficiently dramatic to provide a convincing demonstration of the effectiveness of the persuasive manipulation in bringing about a

socially meaningful change in behavior. In many instances, it is difficult if not impossible to replicate experiments because of the paucity of information reported concerning procedural details. In some cases, the attitude measurement devices employed have either doubtful or unknown reliability. Their validity is generally accepted at face value. We have summarized as best we can the information available with respect to the various measures of attitude change employed in these experiments, and the reader is left to reach his own conclusions concerning the scientific merit of these procedures.

in general, experiments in persuasion have embodied two types of design. We have categorized these as (a) pre and post-experimental assessment of attitudes, or (b) post-experimental assessment, where a control group is used to estimate the pre-treatment attitudinal dispositions of the subjects. The experiments in each of these categories are issted alphabetically by author.

This report includes only articles dealing with attitude change as a function of some persuasive manipulation. Thus, we have not considered the following types of experiments: (a) "innoculation" or "immunization" studies, (b) belief studies, (c) theoretical papers, (d) conformity studies, (e) personality impression and person perception, (f) studies involving self-ratings, and (g) social influence studies.

Some of the above could be considered as falling rather generally into the area of persuasion interpreted in its broadest sense. However, we will concern ourselves here only with those experiments that deal with direct attempts at manipulating the attitudes of target individuals. It

will be apparent that not all of the experiments deal with what might narrowly be defined as attitudes. In fact, the concepts of attitude, opinion, belief, preference, and judgment, are reten used interchangeably by social psychologists. We have not attempted to distinguish between these, but, rather, have treated them as though they were at least generically related.

Because our concern has been primarily with the methodology and reporting of persuasion research, we have abstracted from the cited articles only those features that relate to these dimensions. Thus, for each study we describe (a) the issue, (b) the kinds of subjects studied, (c) the measurement procedures, (d) the experimental manipulation, and (e) the method of reporting attitude change. It is hoped that this manner of summarizing the experiments will be useful to the investigator who wants a brief description of representative research in this area.

While reviewing these articles, we have been impressed with a number of specific shortcomings that ought to be considered by anyone contemplating research in persuasion. These weaknesses are not restricted to arraparticular group of authors or period of years, but are sprinkled rather generously throughout the literature that we have reveiwed. They can be summarized briefly as follows:

- (a) arbitrary elimination of subjects
- (b) lack of standardization of measurement procedures
- (c) questionable or unreported reliability of attitude measures
- (d) lack of a uniform method of reporting attitude change
- (e) frequent violation of assumptions underlying the statistical tests.

in addition to the above items, we also find some difficulty in generalizing from many of the findings to nonlaboratory situations. For example, many of the issues studied seem to be so trivial that any reported attitude change is probably limited to that specific situation. And as we have noted previously, the significance in any behavioral sense of some of the reported changes is open to question. In some of the experiments, where the range of attitude measures is not stipulated, it is impossible to intrepret the meaningfulness of the reported changes.

if this report is to be useful, it will not only give the investigator a general idea of the types of experiments in persuasion that have been reported in one journal over a fifteen year period, but it will also suggest to him areas in which further research is needed.

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B. ANNOTATIONS

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Method of Reporting Change	Mean difference between groups	Post-experimental rank-orders of the poems; mean change	Mean change	Mean change	Mean change
Persuasive Hanipulation	4 printed paragraphs varying in number of descriptive adjectives of story character	Printed material discrepant in varying degree from judgments of the Ss; high and low source creditinty	Pro/antl-/extremely Mean change antl-written com- munication	Pro-advertising article by prestiglous source w/variation of cognitive need, information storing style, and communication ambiguity	Tape-recorded arguments using strong or weak fear appeal
Attitude Neasurement	5 7-pt. semantic differential scales	Rank order of poems; 14 state-ments with 7-pt. rating scales evaluating source and argument	33 15-pt. graphic scales	22 6-pt. rating scales	123 items with 5-pt. rating scales included 18 critical items
Subjects	100 college students	112 female college students	54 male college students	199 college students	Exp. 1: 78 college students Exp. 11: 64 college students
Issue	Personality charac- 100 college teristics of inci-students dental characters in story	Poetry (esthetics) Relative merit of poems judged for effective use of alliteration	Fraternities	Advertising	Safety belts, movies, tariffs, etc.
Author	Anderson, L.R., and Fishbein, M. 1965, <u>2</u> , 437-443	Aronson, E., Turner, J.A., and Carlsmith, J.K. 1963, 6Z, 31-35	Atkins, A.L., Deaux, K.E., and Bieri, J. 1967, 6, 47-54	Baron, R.H. 1965, <u>2</u> , 215-230	Berkowitz, L., and Cottingham, D.R. 1960, <u>60</u> , 37-43

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Mean change	Mean change	% subjects changing attitude positively	Mean change
Preparing & giving recording w/con-federate of similar/aissimilar opinion	Write an essay on wanting to be- come a Catholic	Assignment completed out of class and spoken communication increased the Sstawareness that change of attitude would tend to bring about the attainment of 4 values. Procedure consisted of 2 parts: essay writing foilowed by verbal discussion.	Write essay contradicting own position
2 item, 13-pt. bipolar scale questionnaire	3 8-pt. rating scales	Ranking 6 state- ments and using the first 3 ranks which altogether ranged from 1 to 16-pts.	A pick-two device, from 5 choice pts.; a 10-pt. scale was generated
69 college students (2 expmts)	127 non-Catholic college students	221 college students	32 college students
Basis for under- graduate scholar- ships; revision of international monetary system	ltems about Catholicism	Segregation of Negro housing	Admitting coeds to Yale
Berscheid, E. 1966, ½, 670-630	Brock, T.C. 1962, <u>64</u> , 264-271	Carlson, E.f. 1956, <u>52</u> , 256-261	Cohen, A., Erehm, J.W., and Fleming, W.H. 1958, <u>56</u> , 276-278
	Basis for under- 69 college stu- 2 item, 13-pt. Preparing & giving graduate scholar- dents (2 expmts) bipolar scale recording w/con- questionnaire federate of simimonetary system monetary system	Basis for under- 69 college stu- 2 item, 13-pt. Preparing & giving graduate scholar- dents (2 expmts) bipolar scale federate of simion of international monetary system   127 non-Catholic   3 8-pt. rating wanting to be-come a Catholic come	9asis for under- 63 college stu- bipolar scale graduate scholar- dents (2 expmts) bipolar scale graduate scholar- dents (2 expmts) bipolar scale graduate scholar- dents (2 expmts) bipolar scale federate of simi- lar/dissimilar opinion of international college students scales come a Catholic Segregation of 221 college Ranking 6 state- Assignment come a Catholic attitude positively the first 3 ranks change of attitude consisted of 2 parts: essay writing followed by verbal discus- sion.

Method of Reporting Change	Mean change	Numbar of Sis changed	Mean change	Mean number Intending to take shots; % taking shots
Persuasive Manipulation	Spoken communication opposing S's position.  Experimenter read new information contrary to S's initial opinions.  Experiment varied Ss' choice in exposure to the contrary information	Observe role players who advo- cated residential integration	Pro and con reports from 'copers'' and ''noncopers''	Printed communica- tion varied as to effectiveness and painfulness of inoculation
Attitude Measurement	One 6-pt. rating scale	Ranking of 6 alter- natives & coding \$'s first 3 rank- ings which gave a 16-pt. scalgave a	2C descriptive norms or phrases were rated on 7-pt. scales for de-sirability	Three 10 item mcod-adjective check lists
Subjects	71 college students	95 junior college students	38 college students	182 senior college students
Issue	The advisability of young men marrying before the age of 23	Attitudes towards Negro and inte- grated housing	Favorability of army experiences	Inoculation against tetanus
Author	Cohen, A.f., Terry, H.l., and Jones, C.B. 1959, <u>53</u> , 388-391	Culbertson, F.M. 1957, <u>54</u> , 230-233	Dabbs, Jr., J.M. 1964, <u>69</u> , 173-181	Dabbs, Jr., J.M., and Leventhal, H. 1966, 4, 525-531

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Author	Issue	Subjects	Attitude Measurement	Persuasive Manipulation	Method of Reporting Change
DeWolfe, A.S. and Governale, Cuth- erine N. 1964, 69, 119-122	Fear of inter- action with T.B. patients	120 student nurses	100 card Q Sort and question- naire on fear of T.B.	T.B. ward experience	Pre-post correlations of Q-sort; also mean change
Hicks, J.il. and Spaner, N.E. 1962, <u>65</u> , 112-120	Mental illness	432 nursing school students	Exp. 1: 66 5-pt. rating scales Exp. 11: 87 6- pt. rating scales	Experience on psychiatric ward for 12 weeks	Mean change
Kelman, II.C. and Eagly, A.H. 1965, <u>1</u> , 63-78	Juveni le delin- quency	151 high school history students	6 statements followed by 5-pt. rating scales	2 tape recorded interviews of moderator and positive/negative guest	Meen change
Lana, R.E. 1964, <u>69</u> , 337-340	Arguments on Nikita Krushchev as man and leader	136 Yl students	5 5-pt rating scales	Frinted communication  tion  One 'pro', one 'con' prose style arguments of approximately 425 words each	Mean change
McGuire, W.J. 1960, <u>60</u> , 345-353	16 logical syllogisms	120 college students	4:3 5-pt. rating scales on desirability	Printed communi- cation attacking premise of syllogisms	% change
Mills, J. and Aronson, E. 1965, <u>l</u> , 173-177	General education	95 male college students (2 expmts.)	42 p equestions w/7-vt. rating scales, 10 post- questions w/7-pt. rating scale & an open-ended ques- tion	Live Interview  W/female either  physically at-  tractive/unat-  tractive, men-  tioning/not  mentioning desire  to influence	Mean change of adjusted scores

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Method of Reporting Change	Number subjects different be- tween groups Mean change	Mean change	Mean difference L between groups	Mean change; mean decrease in cigarettes smoked	Moan change
Persuasive Manipulation	Frinted statement preceded by pro/ con spoken message Written statement preceded by pro/	con spoken message Tape-recorded communications consistent or inconsistent with stated needs of Ss	Negative written communication under high/low involvement	Role playing of advocate of stopping smoking w/listener as control	Derrogating fra- ternities with and without dis- traction
Attitude Measurement	Semantic differ- ential technique of 17 objective rating scales	11 6-pt. rating scales	3 6-pt. rating scales for atti-tude on issues. 4 3-pt. scales for achmessage & 2 3-pt. scales for evaluation of communicator	ú opcn-ended questions	3 5-pt. rating scales; one 8-pt. rating scale £ 2 4-pt. rating scales measuring attitude to 3-pt. and one 4-pt. rating scale measuring attitude toward the sneal great constants.
Subjects	93 women residents of Berkeley area	218 coliege freshman	124 9th graders	80 job appli- cants at state employment ser- vice w/ll+yrs. education, ail smokers	343 college fraternity men
Issue	Exp. 1: Fluoridation Εχμ. i1: Fluoridation	Teaching as a career	Adult control of boy juvenile de- linquents; mother's control of girl's clothes choice	Cigarette smoking	College fraterni- ties
Author	Dillehay, R.C. 1965, <u>1</u> , 631-641	Di Vesta, F.J., and Merwin, J.C. 1960, 60. 80-85	Eagly, A.H., and Manis, N. 1966, <u>3</u> , 483-485	Elms, A.C. 1966, <u>4</u> , 35-43	Festinger, L., and Maccoby, N. 1964, <u>63</u> , 359-366

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Method of Reporting Change	Mean change	Mean change	Mean change	Mean change	% subjects changed
Persuasive Manipulation	Printed material defending defense capacity; high and low credibil-ity	Spoken argument against topic where Ss were warned, dis- tracted/not dis- tracted on topic	Writing counterattitudinal essay w/varied expectation for \$.50/\$2/\$5 reward	Printed material Reading and dis- cussing an anti- church essay with a small group	Printed communication under high/low source prestige, high/low threat; fictitious results on SRT
Atritude Measurement	4 3-pt. rating scales	12 item preques- tionnaire 6 4 item postquestionnaire W/speaker eval::a- tion. All ques- tions followed by undlyided scales labeled at bothends	15 cm, bipolar scale	Hodification of Thurstone and Chave (1929, scale using 5-pt. ratings of each item	2 6-pt, rating scales for opinion & 2 4-pt, rating scales for information testing
Subjects	400 coilege students	299 high school seniors	48 male college students	12 pro-church college students	155 freshman college students
Issue	United States <sup>1</sup> defense capacity against biological wai.are	Teenage driving	Student government involvement in off- campus issues	Church (attitude towards)	Cancer research
Author	Fine, B.J. 1957 <u>54,</u> 369-374	Freedman, J.L., and Sears, L.O. 1965, <u>1</u> , 252-266	Gerard, H.B. 1967, <u>5</u> , 360-364	Goldstein, I., and McGinnies, E. 1964, <u>68</u> , 557-570	Goilob, H.F., and Dittes, J.E. 1965, 2, 135-201

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Method of	Reporting Change	Mean change			Mean changed and % subjects changed		Mean change			Favorable evaluations of communication. Meen change scores % changed	
Persuasive	ran paracion	Preparing nega- tive/opticnal- direction talk or	topic; taped evaluator ratings W/positive or negative rein- forcement of	taken position	Discussion with six persons whose views opposed those of s	;	Tape-recording under implied public/private release expecta-	tions for con- crete vs. abstract	thinking Ss	Tape-recorded arguments support- ing "dry", "wet", or "moderate" position	,
Attitude Measurement		Scales			12 9-pt. rating scales		28 statements each followed by 6 inch scale questionnaire				rejectance and
Subjects	117 college	students		Simple colli-	students	20 1 US	students		1, 1, 5, 6, 7,	185 adults 290 college students 25 unstated	
(f)	Civil defense			Leniency toward		College require-	ment to minor in philosophy		Prohibition in	0k1ahoma	
Author	Greenbaum, C.W.	1966, <u>4</u> , 260-269		Hardy, Keste	1957, 54, 289-294	Harvey, 0.J.	1965, 1, 349-355		ر. ا	244-252	

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Method of Reporting Change	% subjects changed	Mean number of paragraphs eliciting a given type evaluative reaction % S's changed	Mean change	Raw data not presented, just 't' test results and p. values
Persuasive Manipuletion	Ss either improvised aloud or listened passively to arguments opposing their opinions	Printed anti-smok- ing communication using high or low threat appeal	Printed arguments either pro-male, pro-female, or impartial; one group debated issue	Tape-recorded argument against progressive education with high or low prestige support
Attitude Measurcment	One question for each of the 3 topics. Open-ended questions with quantitative answers; e.g., number of movie theatres, percentage and number of years	Content analysis using 7-pt. rating scale.	58-item value Inventory	31 5-pt. rating scales. 15-items from above given before communication & it different communication
Subjects	90 college subjects	31 adults	815 college students	61 college students
lssue	Future prospects of movie theatres, meat supply, and cure for the com- mon cold	Smoking as a cause of lung cancer	and Relative value of men & women in our culture	Progressive education
Author	Janis, 1.L., and King, B.T. 1954, 49, 211-218	Janis, I.L., and Terwilliger, R.F. 1962, 65, 403-410	Jarrett, R.F., and Sherriffs, A.C. 1953, <u>43</u> , 33-41	Kelley, H.H., and Woodruff, C.L. 1956, 52, 67-74

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Method of Reporting	Mean change	Mean change	Mean change	% S's changed	Mean difference between groups	Mean change
Persuasive Manipulation	Simulated radio broadcast with high, low, and neutral communi-	Printed argument favoring increased foreign aid	Reading consonant communication into tape recorder w/\$1/\$5 reward, then reading negative communication	Live communicator advocating one type of comic book with or without discussion	2 fictitious news- paper articles of opposing orienta- tion	Tape-recorded sup- port of vivi- section; Ss varied in familiarity with topic
Attitude Measurement	20 5-pt. rating scales	One critical 16-pt. rating scale was embedded in a 2- page questionnaire	12 7-pt. rating scales	One multiple choice question	Post manipulation measure used mul- tiple choice items on 2 issues	10 5-pt. rating scales on vivi- section
Subjects	330 high school students	137 college students	42 college students	195 public school students (5th, 6th grades)	72 high school students	35 college students
Issue	Treatment of juvenile de- linquents	federal aid to foreign countries	Lowering voting age to 18	Preference for comic book heroes	Minimum driving age	Use of animals for experimenta- tion
Author	Kelman, H.C., and Hovland, C.I. 1953, 48, 327-335	Kiesler, C.A., and Kiesler, Sara B. 1964, <u>63</u> , 547-550	Kiesler, C.A., and Sakamura, J. 1966, <u>3</u> , 349-353	Kipnis, D. 195 <b>8, <u>57</u>, 173-</b> 180	Kleck, R.E., and Wheaton, J. 1967, <u>5</u> , 249-252	Lana, R.E. 1961, <u>62</u> , 573-577

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Method of Reporting Change	Mean change	Mean change	Rumber of Ss changed -53-	Mean difference between groups; number of Ss volunteering for 2nd experiment.	Mean attitude score
Persuasive Manipulation	Moderate/high fear arousing film foi- lowed by printed communication to stop smoking	Provided facts about the area to exp. group, then used a derogatory emotional appeal	Booklet on tollet- training after age 2	Bogus spoken feed- back on inappropri- ate attitude for 2nd experiment un- der \$20/\$1.50 re- ward	Rehearsal of a printed anti- church communica- tion
Attitude Measurement	3 7-pt. rating scales and number of cigarettes smoked	22 4-pt. rating scales	interview in which S discusses opinion	6 6-pt. semantic differential scale; one 7-pt. attitude impor- tance scale; vol- unteering for related expermt.	23 5-pt. rating scales
Subjects	129 college students	97 high school stud <b>ent</b> s	Exp. 1: 136 mar- ried wo- men Exp. 11: 98 mar- ried wo- men	43 freshman col- lege students	60 coilege students replicated with 43 other students
issue	Cigarette smoking	Attitudes toward European arcas not known to students	Toilet training	, Attitude toward , Negroes	Attitudes toward the church
Author	Leventhal, H., Watts, J.C., and Pagano, F. 1967, <u>5</u> , 313-321	Lewan, P.C., and Stotland, E. 1961, <u>62</u> , 450-453	Maccoby, Eleanor, Maccoby, N., Fomney, A.K., and Adams, J.S. 1961, 63, 109-115	Marlowe, D., Frager, Attitude R., and Kuttal, R.L. Negroes 1965, 2, 364-868	McGinnies, E., Donelson, Elaine, and Haff, R. 1964, <u>69</u> , 437-440

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Method of Reporting Change	Mean change of subjective probability ratings	Mean change scores	Number of items in which subjects changed or did not change	Algebraic sum of change on the 12 items	Mean change	Number of Ss changing
Persuasive Manipulation	Printed	Film advocating tolerance under discussion, no-discussion, and control conditions	Card sorting task where instrumentality of items was manipulated previous to task	Spoken communica- tion by one member of a pair	Spoken ciass presentation by low/high credible E In non-compliant/voiuntary compliant/ant/involuntary compliant situations	Printed material; social pressure induced by private versus public re- sponse to persua- sion
Attitude Measurement	28 statements each followed by 100-pt. scale f/probability of truth and 5-pt. scale for desira-bility	Modified form of the <u>E</u> scale	<pre>15 statements each followed by an 8- pt. rating scale</pre>	i2 il-pt. rating scales	10 items embedded in a 25 item ques- tionnaire for the premanipulation measure. These 10 questions were re- peated afterwards	One 7-pt, rating scale
Subjects	35 colleye students	162 high school students	200 college students	108 college students	177 college students (summer school)	344 coiiege students
Issue	Truth of syllogism	Racial tolerance	Academic policy	12 items on cur- rent campus issues	American Red Cross blood program	Case study of a delinquent; degree of responsibility
Author	McGuire, W.j. 1960, <u>60</u> , 354-358	Mitnick, L.L., and McGinnies, E. 1958, <u>56</u> , 82–90	Peak, Heien 1960, 61, 463-468	Phares, E.J. 1965, <u>2</u> , 642-647	Poweii, F.A. 1965, <u>2</u> , 669-676	Raven, B. 1959, <u>58</u> , 119-123

Method of Reporting Change	Mean change	Mean difference between groups	Mean change	Mean change	Mean change
Persuasiva Manipulation	Counterattitudi- nal printed essay by alleged part- ner under high/ low social anxiety	2 printed communi- cations pro/con conviction as aileged new/old arguments	Hypnotically ad- ministered pro- Negro communica- tion	Taped 2-sided statements about Turkish life to abstract/concrete thinking Ss	Printed communica- tion w/source favorable/unfavor- able to attitude object
Attitude Measurement	2 7-pt. rating scales	3 opinion items before the manipu- lation and 10 items afterwards	6-pt, rating scale; Bogardus Social Distance Scale	Turkish attitude scale; Sentence Completion Test; push-button response as to pro/con nature of taped statement	4 semantic dif- ferential scales embedded in a total of 10 scales
Subjects	112 college students	143 coilege students	40 male coilege students	248 male coilege students	218 male high school students in military sum- mer camp
Issue	Future of Ameri- can economy	Defendent's guilt or innocence of murder charge	Attitude t <mark>oward</mark> Negroes	Turkish life	Teaching machines Spence learning theory
Author	Sears, D.C. 1967, <u>7</u> , 142-151	Sears, D.O., and Freedman, J.L. 1965, <u>2</u> , 420-426	Stachowiak, J.G., and Moss, C.S. 1965, <u>2</u> , 77-83	Suadfeld, P., and Vernon, J. 1966, <u>3</u> , 536-589	Tannenbaum, P.H. 1966, <u>3</u> , 493–499

Method of Reporting Change	Mean change adjusted for direction	Mean difference of scores adjusted for direction of change	Mean change and means presented	Exp. 1: Means and % S's changed Exp. 11: Means Exp. 111: No date presented	Mean change
Persuasive Manipulation	Printed messages w/possitive/nega- tive attributes for high/neutral/ low credible sources	Credible printed communication followed by refutation/source derogation/derial/immunization	Argument support- ing a limited war and slides	Printed communication advocating use of a new serum; subjects varied in degree of familiarity with topic	Participation in debate w/bogus spoken feedback
Attitude Measurement	4 7-pt. semantic differential scales	9 15-pt. rating scales	10 multiple choice itums	One key question embedded ameng 6 others each followed by a 9- pt. rating scale	Attitude Toward Capital Punish- ment scale
Subjects	124 college students	68 college students	720 Air Force inductees	Exp. 1: 62 high school students Exp. 11: 75 college students Exp. 111: 216 college students	100 college students
Issue	Teaching machines	Toothbrushing; medical checkups; X-ray detection of TB	Wor in Korea	To use anti-cancer serum routinely in medical practice	Capital punishment
Author	Tannenbaum, P.H., and Gengel, R.W. 1966, <u>3</u> , 295-304	Tannenbaum, P.H., Macaulay, J.R., and Norris, E.L. 1966, <u>3</u> , 233-233	Thistlethwaite, 0.L., deHaan, H., and Kamenetzky, J. 1955, <u>51</u> , 107-113	Thowas, E.J., Webb, Susan, and Tweedie, Jean 1961, <u>63</u> , 656-659	Wallace, J. 1966, <u>3</u> , 305-312

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Method of Reporting Change	Mean change at varying Intervals	Means change presented Pre-post used different number of items	Mean change and mean proopinion cores presented	Mean change (non-dlrectional)	Mean difference between groups
Persuasive Manipulation	Counter-argument to some Ss. Learn true-false assoclations to 8 statements about smoking	Printed communi- cation	Printed communi- cation advocating harsher treatment	Spoken derogation of original ratings on question-naire	Discussion in 5 member groups oriented by E and re- Inforced by con- federate to obtain hlgh/low compara- bllity w/option of downward/upward mobillty
Attitude Measurement	7-items true- false opinion ques- tionmaire withe total ranged from -7 to +7	4 pre-test items & 10 post-test items each followed by a 3-pt. rating scale	<pre># items each scored by E from -1, 0, to ∻1</pre>	5 multiple-choice items	Ranking of 12 issues as to seriousness in group/prlvately
Subjects	228 high school students	184 college students	96 college sub- jects (paid volunteers)	55 college students	76 male college students
Issue	Effects of smoking	Juvenile delinquency	Juvenile delinquency	Ranking of various professions	Serlousness of various student issues
Author	Veiss, W. 1953, <u>48</u> , 173-130	Weiss, W., and Fine, B.S. 1955, <u>51</u> , 246-253	Weiss, W., and Fine, B. 1956, <u>52</u> , 109-114	Wright, J.M., and Harvey, 0.J. 1965, <u>I</u> , 177-181	Zeff, L.H., and Iverson, M.A.

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Method of Reporting Change	a)
Persuasive Manipulation	Printed communications varying in discrepancy from Ss position
Attitude Measurement	Ss selected one or more 9 statoments according to the instructions
Subjects	80 college girls (unpaid)
Issue	Juven i le de l'inquency
Author	Zimbardo, P.G. 1960, 60, 36-94

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#### PART TWO: Post-only Design

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B. ANNOTATIONS

Androped to be

Method of Reporting Change	Mean scores	Mean difference between groups	Mean difference between groups	Mean change	Mean change
Persuasive Manipulation	Taped one and two- sided arguments with discussion	Telephone interview w/positive or negative verbal reinforcement for pro/con attitude toward topic	Telephone inter- view under posi- tive/negative rapport, veroal reinforcement for pro-con responses	Writing essay - under overt vs. passive role playing, \$2 vs. \$20 reward, fa- vorable vs. un- favorable sponsor- ship	Pro/con taped communication var- ied as to credi- bility and heard by choice/no choice
Attitude ileasurement	One 9-pt. rating scale	One 15-pt, rating scale embedded in questionnaire	12 4-pt. rating scalus	5 objective questions; content analysis of a final open-ended question	32 7-pt. rating scalas ~/5-pt. confide.ce scales for each item
Subjects	130 college students	72 college stu- dents	75 college students	5½ male college students	60 female college students
Issue	innocenca or guilt of defen- dant in simulated courtrocm argu- ment	Crestion of an Aloha Week at Univ. of Hawaii	Pay TV	Requiring 1 yr. math E physics in college	Importance of intercollegiate athletics in college life
Author	lnsko, C.A. 1962, <u>65</u> , 203-205	Insko, C.A. 1965, <u>2</u> , 621-623	Insko, C.A. and Butzine, K.W. 1967, <u>6</u> , 225-228	Janis, 1.L. and Gilmore, J.E. 1965, <u>1</u> , 17-27	Jones, R.A. and Brehm, J.M. 1967, <u>6</u> , 64:-70

Method of Reporting Chance	Mean difference between groups	Mean difference between groups	Mean difference between groups	Mean difference between groups	Mean scores
Persuasive Hanipulation	4 syllogistic essays w/premises containing pos/neg verbs, concrete/ abstract evidence	Tape-slide presentation w/high/low fear and variable positioning of recommendations	Printed booklets under high/low fear, specific/ general suggested action	Writing counter- attitudinal essay for \$.50/\$2.50 reward under com- mitted/free choice conditions	Tape-recorded arguments for plaintiff and defense; primacy and recency effects were measured
Attitude Measurement	4: 31-pt. bipolar scales; convinc- ingness scale	11 7-pt. rating scales; 11 Item measure of perceived vulnerability to illness	2 13-pt. rating scales; number <u>Ss</u> obtaining shots	3 31-pt. rating scales with only one critical item	One 2-pt. rating scale
Subjects	t;J college students	Approx. 35 visitors to a state exposition	College seniors	105 college students (2 expermt.)	1块 college freshmen
Issue	Buying complex toys for children; hunting regulations; US agricultural assistance to Central America; industrial needs for Alaskan town	Dental hygiene	Obtaining tetanus inoculations	Speaker ban legis- lation; in loco parentis policies	Court case involv- ing a damage suit
1	Kanouse, U.E. and Abelson, N.P. 1967, Z., 153-153	Leventhal, H. and Singer, N.P. 1966, ½, 137-146	Leventhal, H. Singer, N. and Jones, S. 1965, <u>2</u> , 20-29	Linder, D.E., Cooper, J. and Jones, I.E. 1967, S. 21:5-254	Miller, W. and Campbell, L.T. 1959, 52, 1-3

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Method of Reporting Change	Mean difference between groups	Mean difference between groups	Mean difference between groups	Mean change	Mean change	Group means on immediate and delayed testing
Persuasive Manipulation	Printed speech sileged delivered to appropriate/ non-appropriate audience	Printed messages under rigged low/ high self-esteem	Verbal & printed forewarnings of taped talks against initial beliefs by variously credible source	Taped-spoken	Writing counter- attitudinal essay for \$.50, \$1, or \$5 reward	Tape-recorded; argument and refutation in verying combina- tions
Attitude Measurement	Various 21-pt. bi- polar rating scales (speaker); 10 7-pt. rating scales	30 15-pt. rating scales; MMP1 items	6 15-pt. rating scales	62 5-pt. rating scales	31-pt, 5 section graphic scale	is multiple- choice items, using 5 alterna- tives
Subjects	138 college students	152 college students	iso college students	235 students in elementary psychology	51 college students	750 Air Force inductees; repli- cated with 400 high school students
lssue	Increasing tractor- tor-trailer license fees	5 health issues; e.g., toothbrush~ ing	6 issues about the future	Kuomintang Government of China	Rose Bowl ban; athletic scholar- ship	Korean War
Author	Mills, 7., and Jellison, J.M. 1967, <u>6</u> , 98-10?	Nisbett, R.E., and Gordon, A. 1967, <u>5</u> , 263-276	Papageorgis, D. 1967, <u>5</u> , 490-496	Parrish, J.A., and Campbell, D.T. 1953, <u>43</u> , 3-9	Rosenberg, M.J. 1965, <u>1</u> , 23-41	Thistlethwaite, D.L., and Kamenetzky, J. 1955, <u>51</u> , 3-12

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Method of Reporting Change	Meun difference between groups	Mean Index score	Mean change
Persuasive Manipulation	Slides of well/ poor dressed whites or Negroes; taped statement pro/con issue in good/bad Engligh	Overheard conversation	Frinted communica- tion either read or read and argued for in essay
Attitude Measurement	15 behavior dif- ferential scales series of seman- tic differential scales	Questionnaire purported to be from NIH	15-pt. graphic bipolar scales
Subjects	94 white college students (summer school)	Exp. 1: 170 college students Exp. 11: 41 married women	140 college students (mostly female)
Issue	Integrated housing	1. Downgrading link between smoking and lung cancer.  11. Student hus- bands should spend more time at home; junior and senior women to be allowed to live off campus.	Admitting Puerto Rico as 51st State; court le- niency w/juvenile delinquents; electing the Secretary of State
Author	Triandis, N.C., Loh, W.B., and Levin, L.A. 1966, <u>3</u> , 463-472	Walster, Elaine, and Festinger, L. 1962, <u>65</u> , 395-402	Watts, W.A. 1967, <u>5</u> , 4-15

Method of Reporting Change	% of subjects changed from immediate to delayed posttest; also mean change score	Age and change -37-
Fersuasive Manipulation	Printed communication with varied credibility of communicator	Printed arguments advocating more punitive policy; cues provided as to communication's position
Attitude Neasurement	15-pt. grephic rating scales	Modification of Mang-Thurstone scale B
Subjects	191 college students	157 college students
Issue	(1) Puerto Rican statehood (2) Court leniency with juvenile delinquents (3) Direct election of Secretary of State tary of State of State sales tax	Treatment of juvenile delin- quents
Author	Watts, W.A., and McGuire, W.J. 1964, <u>68</u> , 233-241	Weiss, W. 1958, <u>56</u> , 330-385

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Selected research papers in the area of persuasion and attitude change appearing in the Journal of Abnormal (Personality since 1965) and Social Psychology between 1952 and 1967 are summarized with respect to (a) the issues used as targets of persuasion, (b) the kinds of experimental subjects employed, (c) techniques of attitude measurement, (d) method of persuasive manipulation, and (e) manner of reporting attitude change. Several shortcomings of these research reports are described, and implications are drawn for the improvement of scientific reporting in this area.										

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